#### EKSĀMENS ANGĻU VALODĀ 9. KLASEI 2019 SKOLĒNA DARBA LAPA Lasīšana

Vārds	
Uzvārds	_
Klase	
Skola	

#### Task 1 (10 points)

Read the eight students' opinions about learning a foreign language and do the task. Match the statements (1-10) with the opinions (A-H). Select only one letter for each statement. You can use some letters more than once. An example (0) has been given.

#### LEARNING A LANGUAGE WITH AN APP?

A	E
Faiz (15), Malaysia	Petra (14), Germany
In the modern world people who need a foreign	Apps are designed as a game, and many teens
language the most don't have much money, but	aren't even necessarily language fans, they're just
learning a language costs a lot. Earlier learning	looking for a way to kill some time. But the game
languages was only for rich people, but now	keeps them interested for a long time because it is
everyone can learn with technology. To learn with	exciting and shows your progress at once. They're
apps, users only need a smartphone or an Internet	still playing some games, but at least it's somewhat
connection.	useful.
<b>B</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>Olivia (16), Belgium</b>	<b>Min (13), Korea</b>
The majority of teenagers don't have the	Learning languages is my passion. Using an
self-discipline or motivation to stick to a mobile	app is a fresh way of learning, they are always
language learning programme. Even if they did,	up-to-date with what is happening with the language
they would never speak fluently only by using the	nowadays. I do not want to learn incorrect or
app. Possibly, they could learn to read and write.	old-fashioned ways of speaking. Young people are
To learn the language properly, you should attend	the web generation, they can't imagine their lives
classes or visit the country itself.	without using technology.
C	<b>G</b>
Bao (15), China	<b>Robert (14), Estonia</b>
Why learn a language if you don't use it? Firstly,	Learning a language is a marathon, not a sprint. I
you learn the basics of the language. And this is	love learning languages, but even so, nothing else
what an application will provide. Then you have to	has made me work at it as much as the app. Apps
start using the language: ask and answer, interpret	don't make you a perfect speaker, they just help
thoughts and feelings. I love apps for the numerous	you understand other resources and start using the
comments made by other users on each lesson.	basic language.
<b>D</b> <b>Andras (14), Hungary</b> All learning is useful, but an application alone is not enough. However, it'll give you enough words to have a basic conversation with someone who is willing to speak slowly and repeat if necessary. This rarely happens in real life. In the beginning, it is also good to use a dictionary.	H Azra (16), Turkey Of course, just by using an app you can't learn a language entirely, but you can make a good start and it can be very helpful in learning to pronounce properly. I started learning German with an app, which improved my pronunciation, but later I had many classroom lessons to get to a conversational level.

Vaļņu ielā 2, Rīgā, LV-1050

Statements	
). A dictionary helps when you start learning a language.	D
. The apps can teach you how to say sounds or words correctly.	
2. Teenagers are not organised well enough to study only with an app.	
3. Learning with an app is much cheaper that using other methods.	
Applications teach teenagers a language by playing.	
5. Not many people are ready to have a conversation with a beginner.	
6. The applications will help you to learn modern forms of a language.	
7. Many teenagers are learning a language because they have nothing to do.	
3. You should work hard to learn a language with the application.	
). One of the best ways to learn a language is to go abroad.	
0. Using an app you can see what others think about learning.	

### SAVED BY CHANCE

The story of saving the Pere David's deer shows us how easily something beautiful can be destroyed by people forever.

Big herds of *milu* – as it is known in China – once lived there, but by the 1860s there were none of them living in the wild. The last population of *milu* lived in the Emperor of China's Imperial Hunting Park. The park was surrounded by large walls and was well protected by the Emperor's guards.

A French missionary, Pere (Father in French) Armand David combined diplomatic service with research work. Once he heard about the mysterious deer kept in the Imperial Hunting Park. However, there was one problem: the *milu* were so carefully protected that no one was even allowed to look into it. The punishment was death. But Father David had to see the deer. He gave money to the guards to let him see the animals. What could that possibly hurt? The guards agreed, but he could only look once.

The animals had a long tail and weird-branching horns unlike any other. Father David realised at once that it was an animal new to Western science. Father David managed to buy the skin of the unusual deer and send it to his country. The researchers confirmed that this really was a new, unknown type of deer. In honour of their discoverer the *milu* were named the Pere David's deer.

The discovery of the unknown animal led to a fashion craze among European countries. After various diplomatic efforts two deer were sent to Europe. In 1869 the Emperor of China even presented some deer to France, Germany and Great Britain.

In the meantime in China, the Imperial Hunting Park proved to be not such a safe place after all. First, there was a great flood of the Hwang Ho River. The water stormed through the Emperor's park, drowning some deer and freeing others. As the flood brought hunger, the deer were quickly eaten by starving people. Then, during the Boxer Rebellion, hungry soldiers killed and ate every last deer. It was the end of the Pere David's deer in China.

Fortunately, there were still deer in Europe. The last sixteen deer were relocated to the Duke of Bedford's deer park in England. By 1932 the Duke already had 182 animals in his park. The Pere David's deer survived World War I, but when World War II started, the Duke decided not to keep all his deer in one place and sent many of them to zoos in other locations.

Today, the Pere David's deer is found widely in deer parks, hunting ranches and zoos. In the 1950s a group of deer was sent to their historical homeland - China. The best zoos of the world breed and study these precious animals. Biologists confirm that the Pere David's deer will not completely disappear from our planet. It forms a stable, ever-growing population. These magnificent animals, saved by people, are still sharing the planet with us.

4

Statements	т	F	NM
0. In the past, there were many wild milu in China.	$\checkmark$		
1. By the 1860s the Emperor of China was the only owner of the <i>milu</i> .			
2. Father Armand David worked in China as a biologist.			
3. Any person who once saw the <i>milu</i> in the Imperial Hunting Park had to be killed.			
4. When Father David first saw the <i>milu</i> , he understood that it was an unknown kind of the deer.			
5. The French government asked Father David to get the skin of the deer.			
6. The new animals were named in honour of Saint David.			
7. All European monarchs wished to get live Pere David's deer for their gardens.			
8. Some deer ran away when the Hwang Ho River flooded the Imperial Hunting Park.			
9. During World War II the Duke of Bedford sent all deer to other zoos.			
10. Scientists are certain that the Pere David's deer will not die out.			

Kopā par 2. uzd.:

Kopā par lasīšanu:

#### EKSĀMENS ANGĻU VALODĀ 9. KLASEI 2019 SKOLĒNA DARBA LAPA Klausīšanās

Vārds
Uzvārds
Klase
Skola

#### Task 1 (10 points)

Aizpilda Listen to the recording and mark if the statement is true (T) or false (F), according to the skolotājs: text. Tick ( $\sqrt{}$ ) the appropriate box. The task begins with an example (0).

#### WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT WALKING

Statements	Т	F
0. People love going for a walk for many reasons.		
1. Among other things, walking helps to lift your mood.		
2. Walking may lead to finding new routes.		
3. You won't find easy and safe routes online.		
4. If you do not want to get lost, walk only on the left side of the river.		
5. You have to think about the distance you can walk on one day.		
6. You do not have to carry both sun cream and an umbrella on the same day.		
7. You should never wear new shoes even on a short walk.		
8. Walking equipment should not cost a lot of money.		
9. Experienced groups are very friendly towards beginners.		
10. Some of the best walking areas are near big cities.		

Eksāmens angļu valodā 9. klasei	Skolēna darba lapa	Klausīšanā		2
Task 2 (10 points) Listen to the recording and				
	A NEW MATER			
1. A group of engineers have	made a new material to	keep the buildings		1
2. The engineers are all from	the university in	·		2
3. The new material can do its	s job even in bright			3
4. The material works without	ut any	or	to cool the	4
objects.				
5. The new material may repla	ace	_ because it is cheape	er.	5
6. The material is about as	as o	ooking foil.		6
7. The new material makes th	e things stay cool becau	ise it	the Sun's rays.	7
8. It also takes away	from the th	nings that it covers.		8
9. The team of engineer	s are going to explo	ore how the materi	al could be used	0
in, aerc	space, agriculture and r	nore.		9
10. If the material is placed or	۱,	it will be able to cool tl	he whole house.	10 Kopā par 2. uzd.:

EKSĀMENS ANGĻU VALODĀ 9. KLASEI 2019 SKOLĒNA DARBA LAPA Valodas lietojums

/ārds	
Jzvārds	
Klase	
Skola	

#### Task 1 (10 points)

Read the text below and choose the word which best completes each sentence. Circle A, B, C or D. An example (0) has been given.

#### **BIRDS CAUSING TROUBLE**



Australia's (0) -speed network is (1) attack from thousands of birds. The birds (2) the damage are Australia's colourful cockatoos. They have taken a liking for chewing the broadband cables that criss-cross Australian towns and cities. They are causing thousands of dollars in damage to the cables. The National Broadband Network (NBN) company reports that they spend around \$60,000 each time they (3) called out to fix the cables. The birds' handiwork is also causing great problems such as Internet outages and painfully slow speeds across the country.

Cockatoos are (4) type of parrot which normally eats fruit, nuts, wood and bark. A spokeswoman from NBN said she was at a loss as to why the birds had started to chew the cables. She guessed that it was the colourful plastic that was put around the cables. She (5) reporters, "They are sharpening their beaks and (6) a result will attack and tear apart anything they see. (7), they've developed a liking for our cables." She joked, "You wouldn't think it (8) possible, but these birds are unstoppable when in (9) group. I guess that's Australia for you; if the spiders and snakes (10) get you, the cockatoos will." Aizpilda skolotājs:

**(B)** С D 0. Α quick high fast tall 1. Α in В an С under D the 1. 2. В С D Α doing making do make 2. 3. Α В С D have has are make 3.\_\_\_ 4. С Α the B nice D Australian а 5. Α С D told В said explained asked С 6.\_\_\_\_ D 6. Α as В in for at С 7. Α Luckily В Unusually Fortunately D Unfortunately 7. 8. С 8. Α could В does will be D was 9. С 9. Α В an D small а big 10.\_ С 10. Α won't В will don't D do

Kopā par 1. uzd.:

SKYDIVE OVER IGUASSU FALLS	
Two years ago I (0) <u>spent</u> three months travelling round South America. We visited	
so (1) places and it was a great experience. One of the most amazing things	1
we saw was Iguassu Falls. The day after we visited the waterfalls we (2)	2
relaxing in a hotel in Brazil. My friend then suddenly noticed an advert on the wall saying 'Skydive	
over Iguassu Falls today!' We looked at each other and decided it (3) time	3
to do something crazy. Today would (4) the day that we would jump out of a	4
plane.	· ·
That afternoon we (5) picked up and taken to the Skydive Centre. We	5
put on our equipment and we were (6) some instructions. After signing a few	6
papers, we were (7) our way to the plane! There were 14 of us in a very small	7
space as we took off into the air. This is when my heart started to beat very fast.	
Suddenly we were 10,000 feet (3,000 metres) above the ground. Luckily, I was strapped	
to an instructor so I didn't (8) to worry about anything. He asked me if I	8
was ready to fall from the plane, but (9) I had time to answer, I felt the	9
wind rushing against my face as we fell to the ground (10) 200 km an hour!	10
Everything below me looked so small and my breath was literally taken away.	Kopā par 2. uzd.:
	Kopā par val.liet.:

#### EKSĀMENS ANGĻU VALODĀ 9. KLASEI 2019 SKOLĒNA DARBA LAPA Rakstīšana

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Jzvārds	
Klase	
Skola	

#### Task 1 (15 points) You should spend about 15 minutes on this task. Write between 40 – 60 words.

You have seen something interesting on the Internet that you would like to share. Write a message to your friend. In your message:

- · give brief information about it;
- write why you liked it.

Task achievement	Vocabulary	Grammar	Organisation	Total

Animal shelter is looking for young enthusiastic helpers.

Everyone aged 14 and over is welcome.

Your responsibilities will include taking care of the pets (dogs and cats): taking them for walks, cleaning the area, taking to the vet, etc.

Contact: Sarah Brown, email: sarahbr@gmail.com

Write an email offering your help and describe

- · what makes you a good volunteer,
- how you could help,
- when you can help,
- · how to contact you.

Task achievement	Vocabulary	Grammar	Organisation	Spelling	Total

2

Rakstīšana

2019

#### EKSĀMENS ANGĻU VALODĀ 9. KLASEI 2019 ATBILŽU LAPA

#### Lasīšana

<b>Task 1</b> LEARNING A LANGUAGE WITH AN APP?	Task 2 SAVED BY CHANCE
1. H	1. T
2. B	2. F
3. A	3. T
4. E	4. T
5. D	5. NM
6. F	6. F
7. E	7. NM
8. G	8. T
9. B	9. F
10. C	10. T

#### Klausīšanās

Task 1 WALKING	Task 2 A NEW MATERIAL
1. T	1. cool
2. T	2. the USA/Colorado
3. F	3. sunlight/sun
4. F	4. energy (electricity), water
5. T	5. (air) conditioners
6. F	6. thick/thin
7. F	7. reflects
8. T	8. (the) heat
9. T	9. power industry
10. T	10. (the) roof/ (the) rooftop

#### Valodas lietojums

Task 1	Task 2
BIRDS CAUSING TROUBLE	SKYDIVE OVER IGUASSU FALLS
1. C	1. many
2. A	2. were
3. C	3. was
4. B	4. be
5. A	5. were
6. A	6. given
7. D	7. on
8. D	8. have
9. A	9. before
10. C	10. at

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EKSĀMENS ANGĻU VALODĀ 9. KLASĒI 2019 DARBA VĒRTĒTĀJA LAPA

## **Runa** (20 punkti)

	Tack achiovomont	Intoraction		Elicardy	Dronnociation
-			Accuracy	I Idelicy	
4	Task is achieved and communicated successfully.	Intended meaning is communicated. Initiates and maintains interaction.	A wide range of everyday vocabulary accurately used; large range of grammar structures used with a few errors.	Utterances are even and fluent.	Accurate and consistent use of most aspects of pronunciation.
3	Task is achieved though some of the task requirements are lacking.	Communicates main ideas; some difficulties in initiation.	Moderate range of vocabulary. Quite accurate use of grammar structures.	Although utterances are sometimes hesitant, the speaker is able to keep conversation going.	Intonation and pronunciation is quite accurate.
2	Task requirements are partly achieved.	Communicates main ideas in limited contexts; initiation rare.	Restricted range of vocabulary and grammar structures, sufficient for basic communication only.	Utterances halting and fragmentary except for short routine sentences and memorised phrases.	Frequent errors sometimes cause unintelligibility.
-	Does not know what to do to fulfil the task.	Great difficulty in communication. Unable to initiate.	Very restricted range of vocabulary; usually inadequate grammar.	Speech is slow, exceedingly halting and stumbling. Difficult to perceive continuity.	Speech is largely unintelligible.
0	Not enough to evaluate.	Not enough to evaluate.	Not enough to evaluate.	Not enough to evaluate.	Not enough to evaluate.

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Eksāmen	

	WILLING, LASK I ( IS POILIES)			
٩.	. Task achievement	Vocabulary	Grammar	Organisation
	Fulfils the task quite convincingly; all	Has sufficient vocabulary used accurately	accurately   Uses frequently used constructions with few	
4	content points are developed.	to complete the task.	errors which do not lead to communication	
			breakdown.	
	Completes the task only generally; all	Moderate range of basic vocabulary; the	Uses simple structures correctly; occasional	Organisation is appropriate to the
ო	content points are mentioned but may	ideas are generally clear.	systematic errors are possible, though the	task. The text is connected.
	lack development.		message is clear.	
	Attempts to complete the task; some	Restricted range of simple everyday	Restricted range of grammar structures;	Makes an attempt to organise the
2	of the content points are missing.	vocabulary; errors may cause	errors may cause misunderstandings.	text; ideas might be jumbled.
		misunderstandings.		
	Very difficult to spot any required	Very basic vocabulary with frequent	Generally inadequate grammar; unable	Is able to link words into sentences.
~	content points, though the text has	mistakes; occasionally is unable to	to produce basic grammar structures and	
	some relevance to the task.	express ideas clearly.	patterns.	
0		Not enough to evaluate / The so	Not enough to evaluate / The script has no relevance to the task.	

# Task 2 (25 points)

lasi	Iask z (zo points)				
<b>d</b> .	Task achievement	Vocabulary	Grammar	Organisation	Spelling
	Completes the task convincingly;	Uses a wide range of	Shows good control of different	The organisation is clear and	There are rare
Ľ	all required content points are	everyday vocabulary	grammatical structures and	appropriate to the task; paragraphs	nonsystematic spelling
2	mentioned and appropriately	accurately.	sentence patterns.	are linked; uses connectors.	mistakes in more
	developed.				complex words.
	Completes the task only generally;	Moderate range of everyday	Quite accurate use of frequently	The organisation is quite appropriate	A few spelling mistakes
_	all content points are mentioned	vocabulary; few errors occur	used grammar structures; some	to the task; some evidence of linking	which do not cause
4	but some of them may lack	and these do not hinder the	minor errors.	sentences into paragraphs.	misunderstanding.
	development.	message.			
	Produces a text in a list of points;	Limited range of everyday	Reasonably accurate use of	Some evidence of organisation;	Repetitive spelling
	all content points are mentioned but	vocabulary, occasionally	basic grammatical structures and	some ideas are linked; there may be	mistakes which can
ო	not developed.	misused.	patterns; systematic errors may	no paragraphs. Can use the most	sometimes affect the
			occur.	frequently occurring connectors, e.g.,	meaning.
				and, but, because.	
	Attempts to complete the task; at	Very limited range of	Grammar sufficient for basic	Little organisation present. The text	Frequent spelling errors
	least one of the required points	vocabulary; can produce	communication only; mistakes	mostly consists of a sequence of	are distracting and
N	mentioned; very little relevant	very simple everyday	appear in simple structures.	separate sentences or facts.	often interfere with the
	information.	expressions; misuse of some words.			meaning.
	Very difficult to spot any of the	Very basic vocabulary	Shows little control of simple	Shows the ability to link words or	Very many spelling
	required points, though the text has	with frequent mistakes,	grammatical structures and	groups of words into sentences with	mistakes cause strain
_	some relevance to the task.	occasionally is unable to	sentence patterns.	very basic connectors like 'and' or	for the reader. Copied
		express ideas clearly.		'then'.	words are correct.
0		Not enough to e	Not enough to evaluate / The script has no relevance to the task	e to the task.	

#### Eksāmens svešvalodā (angļu valodā) 9. klasei RUNĀŠANAS PRASMES VĒRTĒJUMS

Skola \_\_\_\_\_

Intervētāja vārds, uzvārds \_\_\_\_\_\_ Datums \_\_\_\_\_

Vērtētāja vārds, uzvārds \_\_\_\_\_

N.p. k.	Skolēna vārds	Skolēna uzvārds	Task achievement (4)	Interaction (4)	Accuracy (4)	Fluency (4)	Pronunciation (4)	Total (20)
1.								
2.								
3.								
4.								
5.								
6.								
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23.								
24.								
25.								

#### Vērtētāja paraksts \_\_\_\_\_

ᢉ᠕᠅ᢟ᠋᠍᠊ᡏᡗ᠈᠔ᡧᢦᡧ᠅ᢟᢕ᠕᠅ᢟ᠍ᡰᡏ᠕᠔ᡧᢦᡧ᠅ᢟ᠕᠕᠅ᢟ᠍᠈ᡰᡏ᠕᠔ᡧᢦᡧ᠅ᢟ᠕᠕᠅ᢟ᠍ᢖᡏ᠕᠔ᡧᢦᡧ᠅ᡬ᠕᠅ᢟ᠍ᡰᡏ᠕᠔ᡧᢦᡧ᠅ᡬ᠕᠅᠉ᡰᡏ᠕᠔ᡧᢦᢤᢁᡬ᠕᠕᠅ᢟ᠍ᡰᡏ᠕᠔ᡧ VISC Vaļņu ielā 2, Rīgā, LV-1050

#### EKSĀMENS ANGĻU VALODĀ 9. KLASEI 2019 SKOLOTĀJA BIĻETES Mutvārdu daļa 1. diena

#### Paper 1 Task 1 Role play Exchange stud

### Exchange students from Finland are visiting your school. You are planning to go to the cinema or theatre. Together you should discuss:

- which you would prefer the cinema or the theatre;
- what sort of film/theatre play you would like to see;
- how you should prepare;
- how you will explain your choice to your classmates;
- what you can do after the film/theatre show.

### Task 2

#### Interview

#### Questions for the teacher to ask:

- 1. What do you usually do in your free time?
- 2. Why do people need to do extra-curricular activities?
- 3. What leisure time activities would you like to try? Why?
- 4. What out-of-class activities can you do at your school?
- 5. Would you like to be an actor/actress? Why?

Paper 2

Task 1

Role play

## You and your friend have to plan a project to make your school a better place. Together you should discuss:

• what your school looks like;

- what you like about your school;
- what you want to change about it and why;
- who can help you and how;
- what you need to do to start the project.

#### Task 2 Interview

- 1. What is your favourite subject at school? Why?
- 2. How do you imagine your school in 10 years' time?
- 3. What traditions does your school have?
- 4. What are your future plans?
- 5. What qualities does a good student have?

Paper 3 Task 1

Role play

## Your teacher has asked you and your friend to help to organise a visit of exchange students from a school in Lithuania. The visit is one week long. Together you should discuss:

- why they should visit your school;
- what famous landmarks there are in your neighbourhood;
- what activities they can do;
- which is the best place for them to stay;
- how your schools can cooperate in the future.

#### Task 2

Interview

#### Questions for the teacher to ask:

- 1. Would you like to take part in an exchange programme? Why?
- 2. Where would you like to go as an exchange student? Why?
- 3. How would you feel living with a different family during an exchange programme?
- 4. What are positive and negative aspects of exchange visits?
- 5. Why is cooperation between schools, students and teachers necessary?

#### Paper 4

Task 1

#### Role play

You and your friend want to take part in a quiz contest about your hometown. To get ready you should discuss:

- people who live there and their traditions;
- where you can get information about its history and famous people;
- what other topics you should prepare to get ready for the quiz;
- what makes your hometown special;
- what you can do to make it a better place.

#### Task 2

#### Interview

- 1. Is there a place that is very special to you? Why?
- 2. What problems are there in your neighbourhood?
- 3. How has your hometown changed since you were a child?
- 4. In your hometown, is there much for young people to do? Why or why not?
- 5. Is it possible for a person to have two hometowns?

Paper 5

Task 1

Role play

#### The head teacher of your school has asked you and your friends to make souvenirs for your school. Together you should discuss:

what souvenirs you can make;

- what information they will give about your school;
- how and where you will make and sell the souvenirs;
- how you will tell everybody about your souvenirs;
- what else you need to do to make the souvenirs.

#### Task 2

Interview

#### Questions for the teacher to ask:

- 1. What are the best souvenirs people can buy from your country?
- 2. Do you like going shopping? Why?
- 3. Where is the best place to do shopping in your town? Why?
- 4. How do you spend your pocket money?
- 5. Do you think people in your class spend too much money on shopping? Why?

#### Paper 6

#### Task 1

Role plav

Your teacher has asked you and your friend to make a new school website. Together you should discuss:

- what information should be on the website;
- what it will look like design, colours, pictures, etc.;
- what will make your website interesting for students and teachers;
- how you can advertise the website;
- what help you need and where to get it.

#### Task 2

#### Interview

#### Questions for the teacher to ask:

1. Do you use social networks? Why?

- 2. How much time do you spend on the computer every day? What for?
- 3. What are positive and negative sides of social networks?
- 4. What social networks should your school use and why?
- 5. In your opinion, what is the most important invention of all time?

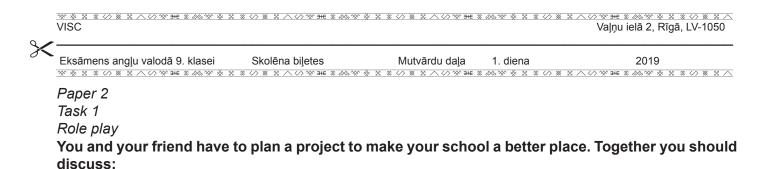
Paper 1 Task 1 Role play

Exchange students from Finland are visiting your school. You are planning to go to the cinema or theatre. Together you should discuss:

which you would prefer – the cinema or the theatre;

- what sort of film/theatre play you would like to see;
- how you should prepare;
- how you will explain your choice to your classmates;
- what you can do after the film/theatre show.

Task 2 Interview Answer the questions asked by the teacher.



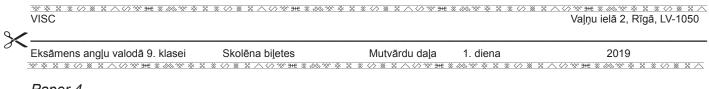
- what your school looks like;
- what you like about your school;
- what you want to change about it and why;
- who can help you and how;
- what you need to do to start the project.

Paper 3 Task 1 Role play Your teacher has asked you and your friend to help to organise a visit of exchange students from a school in Lithuania. The visit is one week long. Together you should discuss:

why they should visit your school;

- what famous landmarks there are in your neighbourhood;
- what activities they can do;
- which is the best place for them to stay;
- how your schools can cooperate in the future.

Task 2 Interview Answer the questions asked by the teacher.



#### Paper 4

Task 1

#### Role play

You and your friend want to take part in a quiz contest about your hometown. To get ready you should discuss:

- people who live there and their traditions;
- where you can get information about its history and famous people;
- what other topics you should prepare to get ready for the quiz;
- · what makes your hometown special;
- what you can do to make it a better place.

Paper 5 Task 1

Role play

## The head teacher of your school has asked you and your friends to make souvenirs for your school. Together you should discuss:

• what souvenirs you can make;

- what information they will give about your school;
- how and where you will make and sell the souvenirs;
- how you will tell everybody about your souvenirs;
- what else you need to do to make the souvenirs.

Task 2 Interview Answer the questions asked by the teacher.

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#### Paper 6

Task 1

#### Role play

Your teacher has asked you and your friend to make a new school website. Together you should discuss:

- what information should be on the website;
- what it will look like design, colours, pictures, etc.;
- what will make your website interesting for students and teachers;
- how you can advertise the website;
- what help you need and where to get it.

#### EKSĀMENS ANGĻU VALODĀ 9. KLASEI 2019 SKOLOTĀJA BIĻETES Mutvārdu daļa 2. diena

### Paper 1 Task 1 Role play

You and your friend are making dinner for exchange students from France. Together you should discuss:

- where the dinner will take place;
- what food you and your friend like and dislike;
- what each of you can cook;
- how you will decorate the table;
- menu for the dinner and ingredients you need.

#### Task 2

#### Interview

#### Questions for the teacher to ask:

- 1. Where do you usually have your lunch? What do you usually have for lunch?
- 2. What is the most unusual food you have eaten?
- 3. What is your attitude to junk food?
- 4. How can people's eating habits influence their health?
- 5. Would you like to work as a chef? Why? Why not?

Paper 2

Task 1

Role play

Your classmates are organising a trip around Latvia for students from Estonia. You and your friend are responsible for planning the trip. Together you should discuss:

- length of the trip (when it starts, finishes);
- places to take the guests to;
- who could help you plan the route, transport, etc.;
- meals on the way, including the local food;
- difficulties you may have (weather, injuries, etc.).

#### Task 2

Interview

- 1. Why is it important to plan the trip?
- 2. Why should you show your country to people from abroad?
- 3. How can museums help know the country better?
- 4. What outdoor activities could be interesting to young people who come from other countries? Why?
- 5. Why do people bring souvenirs from their trips?

Paper 3

Task 1

Role play

You and your friend are discussing your chances of getting a summer job. Together you should discuss:

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- jobs available in the summer time;
- working hours/time you would like to spend at work every day;
- working conditions (uniforms, tools, lunch break, working at weekends, etc.);
- getting to and from the work place;
- skills that you need.

#### Task 2

Interview

#### Questions for the teacher to ask:

- 1. What would be an ideal job for you? Why?
- 2. What would you do with the money earned?
- 3. Who among the people you know has the most interesting job? Why?
- 4. How can what you are doing now help you in the future?
- 5. How do students choose their future profession?

Paper 4

Task 1

Role play

You have to create a video "A Day in a Teenager's Life" for the English lesson. Together you should discuss:

- what and who you would like to show;
- the right music for the video;
- when and where you are going to shoot the video;
- what each of you is going to do;
- · difficulties you may have.

#### Task 2

Interview

- 1. Do you plan your day? If yes, how? If no, why not?
- 2. What is the most difficult thing in a teen's life?
- 3. What is the best part of your day? Why?
- 4. How are your weekends different?
- 5. How is this summer going to be different for you?

Paper 5 Task 1

Role play

The youth parliament has asked you for help to organise a night orienteering\* for families in your neighbourhood. Together you should discuss:

- the time/length of the race;
- plan which places to include in the route;
- how to inform people about your race;
- what to warn the runners about (area, equipment, weather, etc.);
- the awards ceremony and prizes.

\*Orienteering - a competitive sport in which runners have to find their way across rough country with the aid of a map and compass.

#### Task 2

#### Interview

#### Questions for the teacher to ask:

- 1. Which season is better for orienteering? Why?
- 2. Do you think that night orienteering is an adventure? Why/why not?
- 3. What is the best outdoor activity you have ever had?
- 4. What place in your neighbourhood should everyone see? Why?
- 5. What good cause can we collect money for during a race?

Paper 6

#### Task 1

Role play

You are waiting for a student group from England. You have to show the guests around your school. Together you should discuss:

- where to look for information about the school;
- where to take the guests and why exactly there;
- your school's achievements;
- what lessons they should visit, why;
- what games you could organise together.

#### Task 2

#### Interview

- 1. What are the subjects that you didn't study at school but would like to?
- 2. In the lessons do you prefer working in pairs, groups or alone? Why?
- 3. Do you think it is easier to learn when you are a child or an adult?
- 4. What do you especially like about your school?
- 5. Can you study at home? How?

Paper 1 Task 1 Role play You and your friend are making dinner for exchange students from France. Together you should discuss:

where the dinner will take place;

- what food you and your friend like and dislike;
- what each of you can cook;
- how you will decorate the table;
- menu for the dinner and ingredients you need.

Task 2 Interview Answer the questions asked by the teacher.



#### Paper 2 Task 1 Role play Your classmates are organising a trip around Latvia for students from Estonia. You and your friend are responsible for planning the trip. Together you should discuss:

- length of the trip (when it starts, finishes);
- · places to take the guests to;
- who could help you plan the route, transport, etc.;
- meals on the way, including the local food;
- difficulties you may have (weather, injuries, etc.).

Paper 3 Task 1 Role play You and your friend are discussing your chances of getting a summer job. Together you should discuss:

jobs available in the summer time;

- working hours/time you would like to spend at work every day;
- working conditions (uniforms, tools, lunch break, working at weekends, etc.);
- getting to and from the work place;
- skills that you need.

Task 2 Interview Answer the questions asked by the teacher.

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#### Paper 4 Task 1 Role play You have to create a video "A Day in a Teenager's Life" for the English lesson. Together you should discuss:

- · what and who you would like to show;
- the right music for the video;
- when and where you are going to shoot the video;
- what each of you is going to do;
- difficulties you may have.

Paper 5 Task 1 Role play

## The youth parliament has asked you for help to organise a night orienteering\* for families in your neighbourhood. Together you should discuss:

- the time/length of the race;
- plan which places to include in the route;
- how to inform people about your race;
- what to warn the runners about (area, equipment, weather, etc.);
- the awards ceremony and prizes.

\*Orienteering - a competitive sport in which runners have to find their way across rough country with the aid of a map and compass.

Task 2 Interview Answer the questions asked by the teacher.

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#### Paper 6 Task 1 Role play **You are waiting for a**

You are waiting for a student group from England. You have to show the guests around your school. Together you should discuss:

- where to look for information about the school;
- · where to take the guests and why exactly there;
- · your school's achievements;
- what lessons they should visit, why;
- what games you could organise together.